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Initial presentation

Well 5 year old boy
No Past Ocular history
School screening detected poor vision right eye

Intelligent boy, excellent motor skills, normal development

- Rare mild headache "likes it quiet"
- No headache on waking, no vomiting
- Sleeps well, no snoring
- Head size growing normally: 51.5cm (50th centile)
- No recent medication





Initial Ophthalmic exam

VAR 6/36 VAL 6/6

Near: R N12 L N5

Healthy, **not** overweight, exceptionally co-operative boy

Refraction R: +3.5+0.25x85 L: +0.5

No strabismus, full ocular rotations

Ishihara plates (held very close RE) - normal

Media clear

Confrontation fields: full





Initial Ophthalmic exam – discs









Investigations

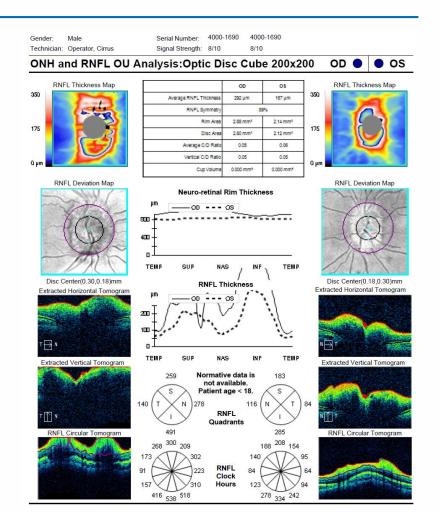
MRI Brain - Normal

B Scan Optic nerves - Normal, no drusen

HVF - Within Normal Limits for age

OCT - Not c/w drusen
Significant Nerve Fibre Layer (NFL)
swelling

Autofluorescence - Normal







Anisohypermetropic amblyopia

"Swollen Discs" - incidental finding

Congenital disc elevation (Hyperopia)

Vs

True disc pathology: Papilloedema or papillitis

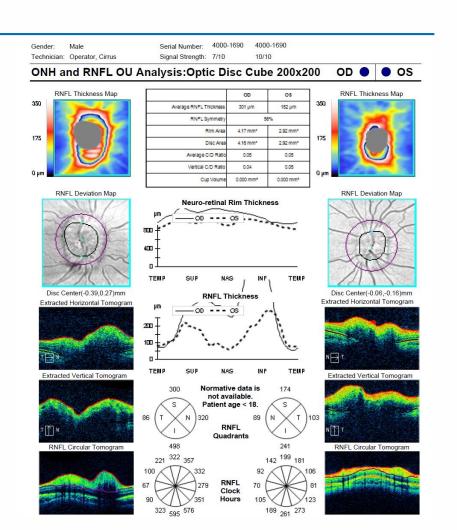




Treatment

Glasses
Amblyopia therapy – patching LE
Review

Vision improved 6/19 RE , 6/6 LE Discs unchanged Repeat OCT







Further investigation

Involved Paediatric Neurologist

- Complete Neurologic examination otherwise normal
- Routine Bloods: normal, not anaemic, Iron studies normal
- Lumbar Puncture
 - Nitrous oxide sedation
 - Opening Pressure 13.5cm H2O
 - No cells, normal biochemistry





Progress

Continue glasses & patching

Vision slowly improving

Progress OCT monthly – no major change over months

No change to optic nerve appearance





1 year later (now 6 years old)

VAR 6/12 VAL 6/6

Refraction unchanged

Stereo 100 secs

Systemically well

HVF – normal

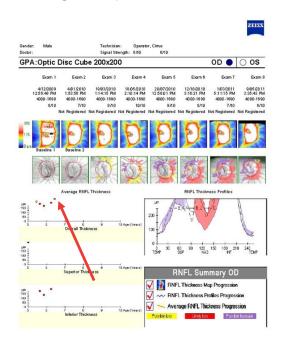
Discs appear more swollen

OCT definite, repeatable NFL increase in swelling

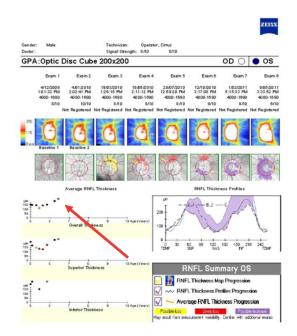


1 year later (now 6 years old)

Right Eye



Left Eye







Repeat assessment as disc swelling worse

Repeat MRI / MRV - normal

Repeat neurologic exam – normal

Repeat Lumbar Puncture

- Nitrous Oxide
- Opening Pressure 18 cm H2O
- Normal cells / biochemistry



PLEASE ANSWER THE

QUESTIONS POSED ON THE

NEXT SLIDE BEFORE

PROCEEDING WITH THE CASE

PRESENTATION





HOW WOULD YOU DEAL WITH SUCH A PATIENT?

- 1. What investigation would you choose next:
 - a) CSF infusion study
 - b) Formal ICP monitor
 - c) Sleep study
 - d) Visual Electrophysiology
 - e) Dural Venous Sinus Manometry
 - f) None for now
- 2. Would you recommend:
 - a) Oral Diamox
 - b) Oral Topamax
 - c) Corticosteroids
 - d) Optic nerve sheath fenestration
 - e) Neurosurgical shunt
 - f) CPAP
 - g) Dural Venous sinus stenting
 - h) No treatment continue to observe





Treatment

commenced

What Next?

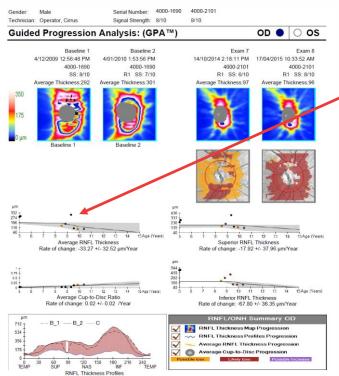
Diamox trial

- immediate NFL improvement clinically and on OCT

- variable course but slow wean over 4 years

Serial Number: 4000-1690 Signal Strength: 8/10 Guided Progression Analysis: (GPA™ OD O OS Exam 7 Exam 8 4/12/2009 1:01:32 PM 4/01/2010 2:02:41 PM 17/06/2014 1:39:40 PM 14/10/2014 2:18:35 PM 4000-1690 4000-1690 4000-2101 4000-2101 SS: 8/10 R1 SS: 10/ R1 SS: 9/10 R1 SS: 9/10 Average Thickness: 167 Average Thickness: 100 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 B S 10 11 12 13 14 15 Age (Years) Average RNFL Thickness Rate of change: -8.31 +/- 10.60 µm/Year Superior RNFL Thickness Rate of change: -0.64 +/- 18.11 µm/Year 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15Age (Years) Average Cup-to-Disc Ratio Rate of change: 0.00 +/- 0.00 /Year Inferior RNFL Thickness Rate of change: -22.35 +/- 21.38 µm/Year -- B_1 -- B_2 -- C RNFL Thickness Map Progression

RNFL Thickness Profites December 1 RNFL Thickness Profiles Progression Average RNFL Thickness Progression Average Cup-to-Disc Progres 120 150 180 210 NAS INF





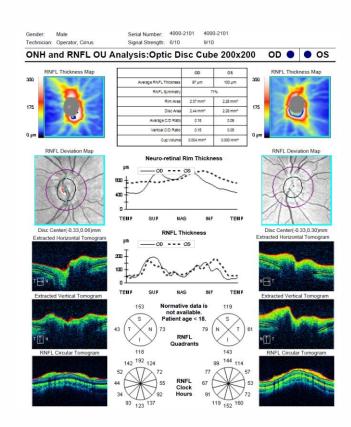
The patient is now 11 years

Total 5 year course – now off Diamox

Well, normal development, no headaches

No optic neuropathy Normal fields/colours

Mild RE anisometropic amblyopia VAR 6/9 VAL 6/6







COULD OUR EXPERTS PLEASE ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS IN ADDITION TO THOSE ASKED EARLIER?

- 1. What do you feel is the aetiology to his optic nerve swelling and what other investigations would you have liked in his workup?
- 2. Please explain the value you place on a standard Lumbar Puncture in these situations? And do you ask for any special instructions in the way it is performed? (Anaesthetics / nitrous / position etc). Do you prefer CSF Infusion studies and / or formal ICP monitoring?
- 3. How long do you follow these children for? When is it safe to discharge from regular follow up?



Thank you!

Sydney Children's Hospital, Randwick

